Oedipus the King

Sophocles

Translated by Robert Fagles



GUIDE FOR READING

FOCUS A terrible plague has struck the city of Thebes. Plants, animals, and people are dying in great numbers. The priests of the city seek help from Oedipus, their king. As you read, look for details that help you form impressions of Oedipus as a leader.

Time and Scene: The royal house of Thebes. Double doors dominate the façade; a stone altar stands at the center of the stage.

Many years have passed since Oedipus solved the riddle of the Sphinx and ascended the throne of Thebes, and now a plague has struck the city. A procession of priests enters; suppliants, broken and despondent, they carry branches wound in wool and lay them on the altar.

The doors open. Guards assemble. Oedipus comes forward, majestic but for a telltale limp, and slowly views the condition of his people.

Oedipus. Oh my children, the new blood of ancient Thebes, why are you here? Huddling at my altar, praying before me, your branches wound in wool. Our city reeks with the smoke of burning incense, rings with cries for the Healer and wailing for the dead. I thought it wrong, my children, to hear the truth from others, messengers. Here I am myself—you all know me, the world knows my fame: I am Oedipus.

(helping a Priest to his feet)

- **3 branches wound in wool**: tokens placed on altars by people seeking favors from the gods.
- **5** the Healer: the god Apollo, who could both cause and cure plagues.



Speak up, old man. Your years,
your dignity—you should speak for the others.
Why here and kneeling, what preys upon you so?
Some sudden fear? some strong desire?
You can trust me. I am ready to help,
I'll do anything. I would be blind to misery
not to pity my people kneeling at my feet.

Priest. Oh Oedipus, king of the land, our greatest power! You see us before you now, men of all ages clinging to your altars. Here are boys, still too weak to fly from the nest, and here the old, bowed down with the years, the holy ones—a priest of Zeus myself—and here the picked, unmarried men, the young hope of Thebes. And all the rest, your great family gathers now, branches wreathed, massing in the squares, kneeling before the two temples of queen Athena or the river-shrine where the embers glow and die and Apollo sees the future in the ashes.

Our city—

look around you, see with your own eyes—our ship pitches wildly, cannot lift her head from the depths, the red waves of death . . .

Thebes is dying. A blight on the fresh crops and the rich pastures, cattle sicken and die, and the women die in labor, children stillborn, and the plague, the fiery god of fever hurls down on the city, his lightning slashing through us—raging plague in all its vengeance, devastating the house of Cadmus! And black Death luxuriates in the raw, wailing miseries of Thebes.

Now we pray to you. You cannot equal the gods,
your children know that, bending at your altar.
But we do rate you first of men,
both in the common crises of our lives
and face-to-face encounters with the gods.
You freed us from the Sphinx, you came to Thebes
and cut us loose from the bloody tribute we had paid
that harsh, brutal singer. We taught you nothing,
no skill, no extra knowledge, still you triumphed.
A god was with you, so they say, and we believe it—
you lifted up our lives.

26 river-shrine: a shrine of Apollo in Thebes, where priests foretold the future by interpreting the way offerings to the god burned.

31 blight: a disease that withers plants.

37 Cadmus (kǎd'məs): the founder of Thebes; **luxuriates** (lŭg-zhŏor'ē-āts'): takes pleasure.

45 bloody tribute: the human lives taken by the Sphinx.

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So now again,

- Oedipus, king, we bend to you, your power—we implore you, all of us on our knees: find us strength, rescue! Perhaps you've heard the voice of a god or something from other men, Oedipus . . . what do you know?
- The man of experience—you see it every day—his plans will work in a crisis, his first of all.

Act now—we beg you, best of men, raise up our city! Act, defend yourself, your former glory! Your country calls you savior now

- for your zeal, your action years ago.

 Never let us remember of your reign:
 you helped us stand, only to fall once more.
 Oh raise up our city, set us on our feet.
 The omens were good that day you brought us joy—
- be the same man today!

 Rule our land, you know you have the power,
 but rule a land of the living, not a wasteland.

 Ship and towered city are nothing, stripped of men alive within it, living all as one.

Oedipus.

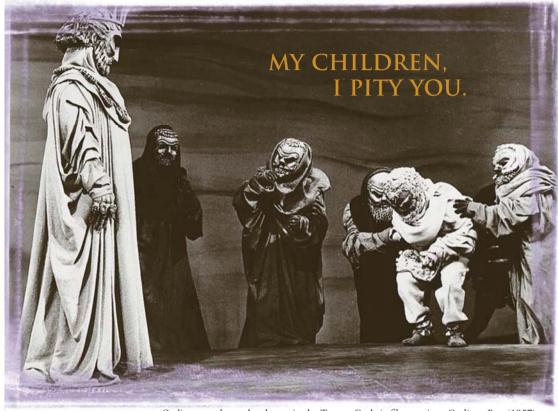
My children,

- I pity you. I see—how could I fail to see
 what longings bring you here? Well I know
 you are sick to death, all of you,
 but sick as you are, not one is sick as I.
 Your pain strikes each of you alone, each
 in the confines of himself, no other. But my spirit
 grieves for the city, for myself and all of you.
 I wasn't asleep, dreaming. You haven't wakened me—
 I have wept through the nights, you must know that,
 groping, laboring over many paths of thought.
- After a painful search I found one cure: I acted at once. I sent Creon, my wife's own brother, to Delphi—Apollo the Prophet's oracle—to learn what I might do or say to save our city.
- Today's the day. When I count the days gone by it torments me . . . what is he doing?

 Strange, he's late, he's gone too long.

82 Delphi (dĕl'fī'): the site of a temple where prophecies were delivered by a priestess of Apollo.





Oedipus speaks to the chorus in the Tyrone Guthrie film version, Oedipus Rex (1957).

But once he returns, then, then I'll be a traitor if I do not do all the god makes clear.

90 **Priest.** Timely words. The men over there are signaling—Creon's just arriving.

PAUSE & REFLECT What are your impressions of Oedipus as a leader?

FOCUS Creon is returning from Delphi with news from the god Apollo. Read to find out about the cause of the plague in Thebes.

Oedipus (sighting Creon, then turning to the altar).

Lord Apollo,
let him come with a lucky word of rescue,
shining like his eyes!

Priest. Welcome news, I think—he's crowned, look, and the laurel wreath is bright with berries.

95 laurel wreath: a crown of leaves worn by those seeking the help of the oracle at Delphi.



Oedipus. We'll soon see. He's close enough to hear—(Enter Creon from the side; his face is shaded with a wreath.)

Creon, prince, my kinsman, what do you bring us? What message from the god?

Creon. Good news.

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I tell you even the hardest things to bear, if they should turn out well, all would be well.

Oedipus. Of course, but what were the god's *words?* There's no hope

and nothing to fear in what you've said so far.

Creon. If you want my report in the presence of these people . . .

(pointing to the priests while drawing Oedipus toward the palace)

I'm ready now, or we might go inside.

Oedipus. Speak out,

speak to us all. I grieve for these, my people, far more than I fear for my own life.

Creon. Very well,

I will tell you what I heard from the god. Apollo commands us—he was quite clear—"Drive the corruption from the land, don't harbor it any longer, past all cure, don't nurse it in your soil—root it out!"

Oedipus. How can we cleanse ourselves—what rites? What's the source of the trouble?

Creon. Banish the man, or pay back blood with blood. Murder sets the plague-storm on the city.

Oedipus. Whose murder?

Whose fate does Apollo bring to light?

Creon. Our leader,

my lord, was once a man named Laius, before you came and put us straight on course.

Oedipus. I know—

or so I've heard. I never saw the man myself.

Creon. Well, he was killed, and Apollo commands us now—he could not be more clear,

"Pay the killers back—whoever is responsible."

117 Laius (lā'əs): the king of Thebes before Oedipus.



Oedipus. Where on earth are they? Where to find it now, the trail of the ancient guilt so hard to trace?

125 **Creon.** "Here in Thebes," he said.

Whatever is sought for can be caught, you know, whatever is neglected slips away.

Oedipus. But where,

in the palace, the fields or foreign soil, where did Laius meet his bloody death?

Creon. He went to consult an oracle, Apollo said, and he set out and never came home again.

Oedipus. No messenger, no fellow-traveler saw what happened?

Someone to cross-examine?

Creon. No,

they were all killed but one. He escaped, terrified, he could tell us nothing clearly, nothing of what he saw—just one thing.

Oedipus. What's that?

One thing could hold the key to it all, a small beginning give us grounds for hope.

Creon. He said thieves attacked them—a whole band, not single-handed, cut King Laius down.

Oedipus. A thief,

so daring, so wild, he'd kill a king? Impossible, unless conspirators paid him off in Thebes.

Creon. We suspected as much. But with Laius dead no leader appeared to help us in our troubles.

Oedipus. Trouble? Your *king* was murdered—royal blood! What stopped you from tracking down the killer then and there?

Creon. The singing, riddling Sphinx. She . . . persuaded us to let the mystery go and concentrate on what lay at our feet.

Oedipus. No,

150 I'll start again—I'll bring it all to light myself!
Apollo is right, and so are you, Creon,
to turn our attention back to the murdered man.
Now you have *me* to fight for you, you'll see:
I am the land's avenger by all rights,
and Apollo's champion too.

154 avenger: one who punishes wrongdoing.

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But not to assist some distant kinsman, no, for my own sake I'll rid us of this corruption. Whoever killed the king may decide to kill me too, with the same violent hand—by avenging Laius I defend myself.

(to the priests)

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Quickly, my children.

Up from the steps, take up your branches now.

(to the guards)

One of you summon the city here before us, tell them I'll do everything. God help us, we will see our triumph—or our fall.

(Oedipus and Creon enter the palace, followed by the guards.)

Oedipus volunteers himself.

Apollo has sent his word, his oracle—
Come down, Apollo, save us, stop the plague.

(The priests rise, remove their branches and exit to the side.)

PAUSE & REFLECT What is the cause of the plague in Thebes?

FOCUS The chorus enters and chants a plea to the gods, describing the people's sufferings. As you read, look for details that help you visualize the sufferings of the people of Thebes.

(Enter a Chorus, the citizens of Thebes, who have not heard the news that Creon brings. They march around the altar, chanting.)

Chorus. Zeus!

Great welcome voice of Zeus, what do you bring? What word from the gold vaults of Delphi comes to brilliant Thebes? Racked with terror terror shakes my heart

and I cry your wild cries, Apollo, Healer of Delos I worship you in dread . . . what now, what is your price? some new sacrifice? some ancient rite from the past come round again each spring?—

157 corruption: pollution; contamination.

173 Delos (dē'lŏs'): the island where Apollo was born.





Masked members of the chorus, from a stage production of Oedipus the King, directed by Peter Hall (1996).

what will you bring to birth?
Tell me, child of golden Hope
warm voice that never dies!

You are the first I call, daughter of Zeus deathless Athena—I call your sister Artemis, heart of the market place enthroned in glory, guardian of our earth—

I call Apollo, Archer astride the thunderheads of heaven— O triple shield against death, shine before me now! If ever, once in the past, you stopped some ruin launched against our walls

you hurled the flame of pain far, far from Thebes—you gods come now, come down once more!

No, no

the miseries numberless, grief on grief, no end—too much to bear, we are all dying O my people . . .

Thebes like a great army dying

180–244 In this chant the chorus prays to various gods—Athena, Artemis, Apollo, Zeus, and Dionysus—for help and protection.

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and there is no sword of thought to save us, no 195 and the fruits of our famous earth, they will not ripen no and the women cannot scream their pangs to birth screams for the Healer, children dead in the womb and life on life goes down

> you can watch them go like seabirds winging west, outracing the day's fire down the horizon, irresistibly

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streaking on to the shores of Evening

Death

so many deaths, numberless deaths on deaths, no end— Thebes is dying, look, her children stripped of pity . . .

generations strewn on the ground unburied, unwept, the dead spreading death and the young wives and gray-haired mothers with them cling to the altars, trailing in from all over the city— Thebes, city of death, one long cortege and the suffering rises

wails for mercy rise

and the wild hymn for the Healer blazes out clashing with our sobs our cries of mourning— O golden daughter of god, send rescue radiant as the kindness in your eyes! Drive him back!—the fever, the god of death

that raging god of war

not armored in bronze, not shielded now, he burns me, battle cries in the onslaught burning on— O rout him from our borders! Sail him, blast him out to the Sea-queen's chamber

the black Atlantic gulfs

or the northern harbor, death to all where the Thracian surf comes crashing. Now what the night spares he comes by day and kills the god of death.

O lord of the stormcloud. you who twirl the lightning, Zeus, Father, thunder Death to nothing!

Apollo, lord of the light, I beg you whip your longbow's golden cord showering arrows on our enemies—shafts of power 211 cortege (kôr-tĕzh'): funeral procession.

216 golden daughter of god: Athena.

223 Sea-gueen's chamber: the ocean depths-home of Amphitrite, wife of the sea god Poseidon.

226 Thracian (thrā'shən) surf: the rough waters of the western Black Sea.



champions strong before us rushing on!

Artemis, Huntress, torches flaring over the eastern ridges ride Death down in pain!

God of the headdress gleaming gold, I cry to you—
your name and ours are one, Dionysus—
come with your face aflame with wine
your raving women's cries
your army on the march! Come with the lightning
come with torches blazing, eyes ablaze with glory!
Burn that god of death that all gods hate!

PAUSE & REFLECT What details helped you visualize Thebes as a city of death?

FOCUS Oedipus will now speak to his people. Read to find out what he intends to do to the killer or killers of Laius

(Oedipus enters from the palace to address the Chorus, as if addressing the entire city of Thebes.)

Oedipus. You pray to the gods? Let me grant your prayers. Come, listen to me—do what the plague demands: you'll find relief and lift your head from the depths.

I will speak out now as a stranger to the story, a stranger to the crime. If I'd been present then, there would have been no mystery, no long hunt without a clue in hand. So now, counted a native Theban years after the murder, to all of Thebes I make this proclamation: if any one of you knows who murdered Laius, the son of Labdacus, I order him to reveal the whole truth to me. Nothing to fear, even if he must denounce himself, let him speak up and so escape the brunt of the charge—he will suffer no unbearable punishment, nothing worse than exile, totally unharmed.

(Oedipus pauses, waiting for a reply.)

WORDS TO KNOW

239 your name and ours are one, Dionysus (dī'e-nī'ses): Dionysus, god of wine, was born of a Theban woman.

255 Labdacus (lăb'də-kəs).

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